Glossary

Complex Trauma	Exposure to multiple traumatic events, often including events that were invasive and interpersonal in nature, resulting in wide-ranging and long-term impacts.
Cumulative Trauma	The experience of being exposed to multiple traumatic events that occur at the same time <i>or</i> across different times.
Graded Dose-Response	Refers to the positive correlation between the "dose" of the stressor (or magnitude of the stressful event) and the intensity of the outcomes.
Loss Reminders	Cues that cause the individual to remember the person that he or she lost
Poly-Victimization	The experience of developing trauma as a result of several different types of events across separate episodes.
Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder	 A response to traumatic events, resulting in: intrusive memories, flashbacks, or nightmares involving the event avoidance of trauma cues negative changes in mood or thinking of the self, others, or the world; hopelessness; memory and concentration problems; relational problems; lack of interest in activities once enjoyed; difficulty finding pleasure or experiencing positive emotions changes in physical and emotional reactions, such as being easily startled; hypervigilance; sleep problems; concentration difficulty; increased irritability, anger, or aggression; feelings of guilt or shame.
Post-Traumatic Stress Symptoms	Symptoms that may develop following exposure to a stressful event that may not meet full criteria for Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD).
Toxic Stress	Prolonged activation of the body's stress response to frequent, intense situations/events.
Trauma	An individual's response to distressing events that a youth experiences, witnesses, or learns about that involve actual or threatened death, serious injury, or sexual violence.
Triggers (Trauma Reminders)	Internal or external cues that remind the individual of the original trauma experience and evoke similar thoughts and feelings as in the original event.

Topography of Trauma in Relation to Other Disabilities/Disorders

Behaviors and Symptoms of Trauma	Related Disability/Disorder
 Difficulty processing instructions Decreased attention, memory, and focus Reduced executive functioning Difficulty solving problems Difficulty understanding consequences of actions 	 Learning disability/ learning disorder Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)
 Heightened vigilance Inaccurate perception of danger (e.g., viewing innocuous glances or gestures as threats) Rapid response to perceived threats Self-protective behaviors (e.g., aggression, withdrawal) 	 Anxiety Disorder Panic Disorder Emotional Disability ADHD (impulsivity) Oppositional Defiant Disorder/Conduct Disorder
Interpersonal difficulties (e.g., social withdrawal, difficulty making friends, untrusting)	• Depression
Inconsistent MoodEasily overwhelmed or upset	Mood Disorder
Failure to thrive	Developmental disorder
Rigidity and perfectionism	Obsessive Compulsive Disorder
Need-fulfilling behavior (e.g., stealing or hoarding food, oversexualized behavior, overeating, demanding adult attention)	Eating DisorderSexualized Disorder

Adapted from (Rossen & Cowan, 2013)

Resources:

- Juvenile Justice article on Trauma
- National Child Traumatic Stress Network [NCTSN] http://www.nctsn.org
- Rossen, E., & Cowan, K. (2013). The role of schools in supporting traumatized students. *Principal's Research Review*, 8, 1-8.
- Trauma Sensitive Schools Learning Modules by Wisconsin Department of Education